

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2002

LCO No. 4493

SB0058704493HD0

Offered by:

REP. DYSON, 94th Dist.

REP. DIAMANTIS, 79th Dist.

REP. MALONE, 47th Dist.

To: Senate Bill No. 587 File No. 458 Cal. No. 372

"AN ACT CONCERNING SPECIAL PAROLE."

- 1 After line 27, add the following:
- 2 "Sec. 2. Section 54-125a of the general statutes, as amended by
- 3 section 74 of public act 01-9 of the June special session, is repealed and
- 4 the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2002*):
- 5 (a) A person convicted of one or more crimes who is incarcerated on
- 6 or after October 1, 1990, who received a definite sentence or aggregate
- 7 sentence of more than two years, and who has been confined under
- 8 such sentence or sentences for not less than one-half of the aggregate
- 9 sentence or one-half of the most recent sentence imposed by the court,
- 10 whichever is greater, may be allowed to go at large on parole in the
- 11 discretion of the panel of the Board of Parole for the institution in
- 12 which the person is confined, if (1) it appears from all available
- 13 information, including any reports from the Commissioner of
- 14 Correction that the panel may require, that there is reasonable

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probability that such inmate will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, and (2) such release is not incompatible with the welfare of society. At the discretion of the panel, and under the terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the panel including requiring the parolee to submit personal reports, the parolee shall be allowed to return to the parolee's home or to reside in a residential community center, or to go elsewhere. The parolee shall, while on parole, remain in the legal custody and control of the board until the expiration of the maximum term or terms for which the parolee was sentenced. Any parolee released on the condition that the parolee reside in a residential community center may be required to contribute to the cost incidental to such residence. Each order of parole shall fix the limits of the parolee's residence, which may be changed in the discretion of such panel. Within three weeks after the commitment of each person sentenced to more than one year, the state's attorney for the judicial district shall send to the Board of Parole the record, if any, of such person.

- (b) (1) No person convicted of any of the following offenses, which was committed on or after July 1, 1981, shall be eligible for parole under subsection (a) of this section: Capital felony, as defined in section 53a-54b, as amended, felony murder, as defined in section 53a-54c, arson murder, as defined in section 53a-54d, murder, as defined in section 53a-54a, or any offense committed with a firearm, as defined in section 53a-3, as amended, in or on, or within one thousand five hundred feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school. (2) A person convicted of an offense, other than an offense specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, where the underlying facts and circumstances of the offense involve the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another person shall be ineligible for parole under subsection (a) of this section until such person has served not less than eighty-five per cent of the definite sentence imposed.
- (c) The Board of Parole shall, not later than July 1, 1996, adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 54 to ensure that a person

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convicted of an offense described in subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section is not released on parole until such person has served eighty-five per cent of the definite sentence imposed by the court. Such regulations shall include guidelines and procedures for classifying a person as a violent offender that are not limited to a consideration of the elements of the offense or offenses for which such person was convicted.

(d) Not later than January 15, 2002, the Board of Parole shall submit a report to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the Board of Parole, public safety and appropriations and the budgets of state agencies setting forth the number of all persons whose eligibility for parole release is subject to subsection (a) of this section who, as of January 1, 2002, have completed seventy-five per cent of their definite sentence and have not been approved for parole release. Not later than February 15, 2002, and not later than the fifteenth day of each month thereafter, the Board of Parole shall submit a report to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the Board of Parole, public safety and appropriations and the budgets of state agencies setting forth the number of all such persons who have completed seventy-five per cent of their definite sentence in the preceding month and were not approved for parole release.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any person whose eligibility for parole release is subject to said subsection and who has not been released on parole by the board in its discretion, shall be placed on parole supervision upon completion by such person of seventy-five per cent of such person's definite sentence unless: (1) Such person has been given a level five security or chronic disciplinary status classification by the Department of Correction, (2) such person is the subject of a class A disciplinary report by the

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Department of Correction for assault on staff or another inmate, rioting or escape during such person's period of incarceration, (3) such person has a pending criminal charge for the alleged commission of a felony during such person's period of incarceration, or (4) such person has failed to cooperate in his or her own rehabilitation.

(f) The Board of Parole shall assess the suitability for parole release of any person whose eligibility for parole release is subject to subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section upon completion by such person of eighty-five per cent of the definite sentence imposed. The Board of Parole may allow such person to be released on parole if (1) there is reasonable probability that such person will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, and (2) the benefits to such person and society that would result from such person's release to community supervision and transition substantially outweighs the benefits to such person and society that would result from such person's continued confinement. If the board determines after such assessment that the continued confinement of such person is necessary, it shall articulate for the record the specific reasons why such person and society would not benefit from such person receiving a period of community supervision."